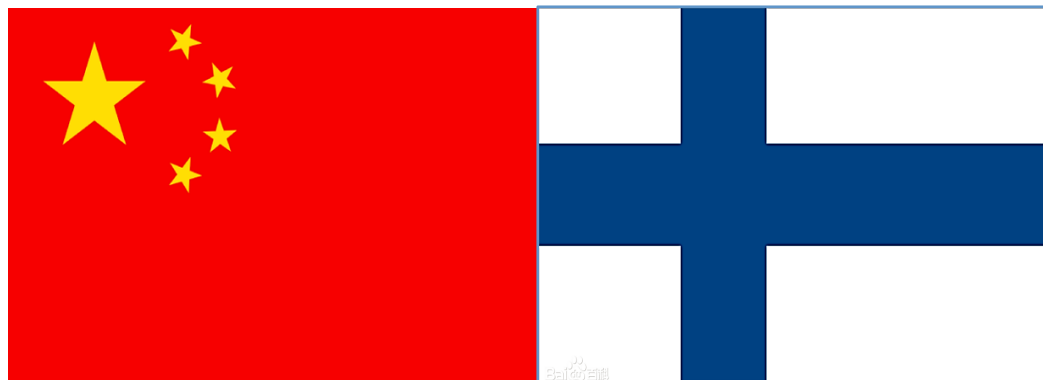


The Sino-Finnish Education ICT Centre

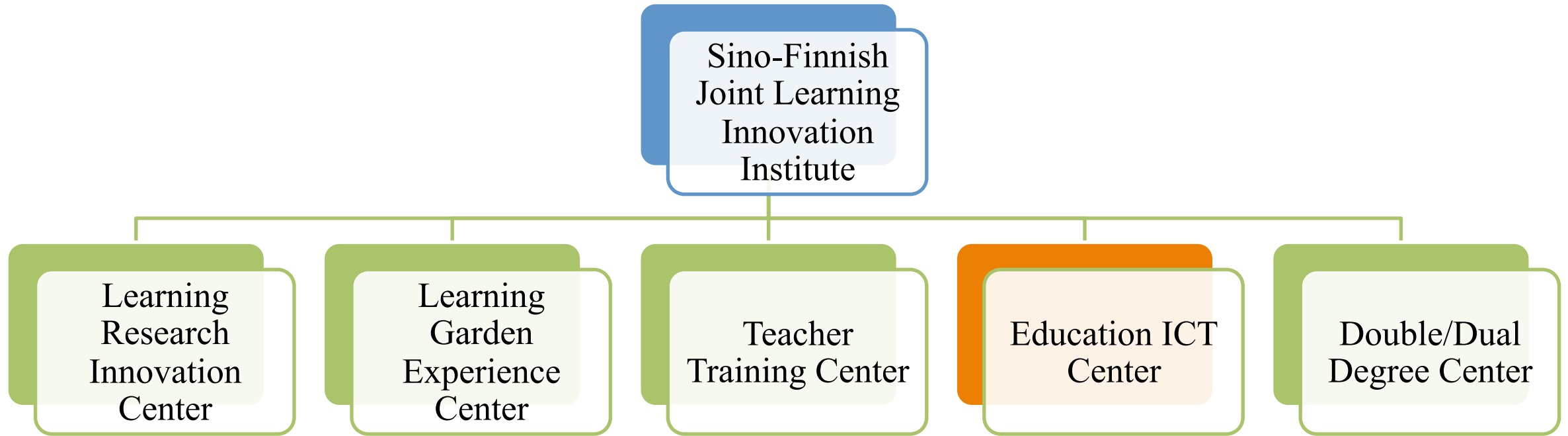


Dr. Baoping Li

School of Educational Technology

Advanced Innovation Center for Future Education

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Working For Innovative digital solutions in Education

Beijing Normal University is the first and top Normal University in Chinese history.

**Coordinator of Chinese Universities of the
Sino-Finnish Education ICT Center**



北京师范大学校训
学为人师
行为世范



Research centers related to ICT in Education

National Center for Computer Education in Primary and Secondary Schools

(Ministry of Education, 1994 -)

Joint Laboratory of Mobile Learning

(Ministry of Education & China Mobile Co., 2012 -)

National Innovation Centre for Assessment of Basic Educational Quality

(Ministry of Education, 2014 -)

Smart Learning Institute

(Beijing Normal University & Huayu Co., 2014 -)

Beijing Advanced Innovation Center for Future Education

(Beijing Municipal Government, 2015 -)

Central China Normal University is located in Wuhan, one of the 211 university.



superior training center for excellent teachers in higher learning institutions and high schools.

Chinese Universities in Sino-Finnish Education ICT Centre



北京師範大學
BEIJING NORMAL UNIVERSITY



北京师范大学未来教育高精尖创新中心
Beijing Advanced Innovation Center For Future Education



華中師範大學
CENTRAL CHINA NORMAL UNIVERSITY



Collaborative &
Innovative Center for
Educational Technology

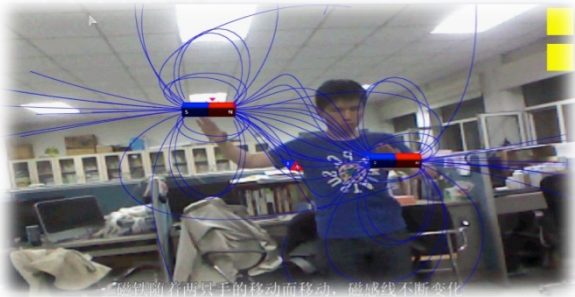
Advanced Innovation Center for Future Education

The Advanced Innovation Center for Future Education of Beijing Normal University is **a high level international innovation platform** supported by Beijing municipal government.

The core mission of the center is to research and develop **a smart education platform for public service based on big data in the field of basic education** in Beijing.



Problems to Be Solved



Using Kinect in Science Education

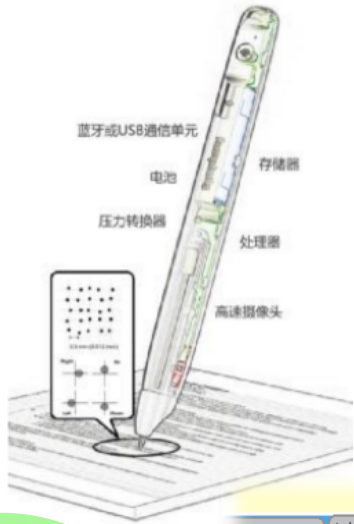
Collecting big data during learning process

Diagnosing and solving learning problems

Using ICT

Finding and strengthening advantage subjects

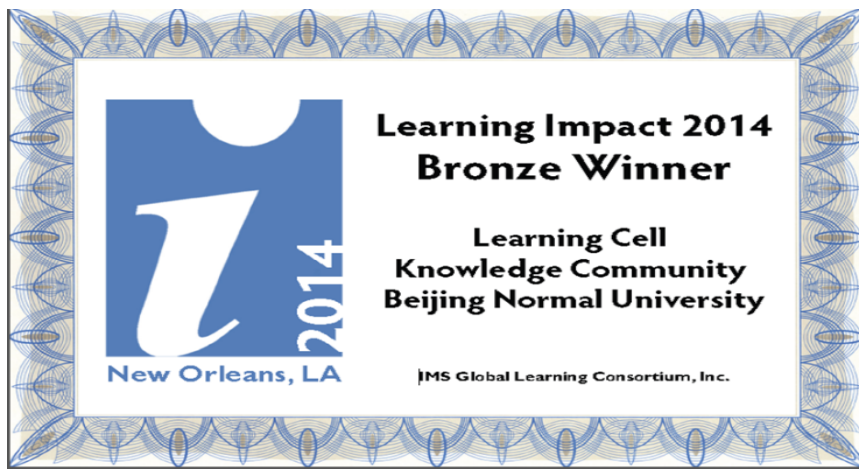
Visualizing knowledge and ability structures



Augmented reality (AR) 3D technique in science courses.

ICT Supported School Learning Improvement

- A series of programs:
Thinking; Subject abilities;
Learning strategies; Peer coaching;
Teacher teaching skills;... ..
- 500 schools, more than 100 thousand students



View of the Conferences

第六届多媒体教材应用国际学术交流会

2nd International STEM in Education Conference
China, Nov 24-27, 2012

The 13th IEEE International Conference on Advanced Learning Technologies (ICALT2013)
July 15-18, 2013 Beijing, China



International Publications

Journal of Computer in Education

A Series of Smart Learning Books Publication





COOPERATION RESEARCHES WITH FINNISH UNIVERSITIES

1.The “Future Schools in 2030” Project

Purposes:

To study the possibility and form of future education in the late 21st century

To analyze the new form of education process reform from the perspective of a bi-directional integration of technology and education

Expected outcome:

A White Paper on Future Schools will be published to the world after several symposiums with participants.



Prof. Shengquan Yu



Research Topics



The
environme
nt of future
schools



The
curriculum
of future
schools



The
teaching of
future
schools



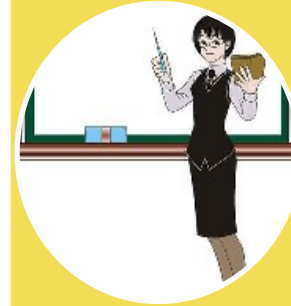
The
learning in
future
schools



The
evaluation
of future
schools



The
managemen
t of future
schools



The
teachers of
future
schools



The
organizatio
ns of
future
schools



Organization

Sponsors:

Advanced Innovation Center for Future Education of Beijing Normal University
Each grant provides up to **US\$10,000-20,000** for applicants who are currently working on or would like to start research projects that are aligned with the project of *Future Schools in 2030*.

Important Dates:

Proposal submission deadline:	June 30, 2016
Future Schools in 2030 Symposium (1):	August 31, 2016
Future Schools in 2030 Symposium (2):	January 15, 2017
Future Schools in 2030 Symposium (3):	May 25, 2017
White Paper for Future Schools release :	August 20, 2017



2.Future Classroom Project



Purposes:

To study the shape and structure of the future classroom.

To lead the reform of learning environments in Chinese schools

Dr. Feng-Kuang Chiang

Expected outcome:

The white paper for "future learning environment : different forms of classroom in the future"

Research Topics

1. Future learning environment and the design of learning space.
2. Perception of the students and teachers in the future classroom.
3. Effect of future classroom on student' s learning quality.

The Experience Center for Future Learning of BNU

The experience center for future learning was built in September 2014.

Consists of seven different new form classrooms

Integrated into the concept of learning space design

Can carry on different experiments of innovative teaching.



Interactive Discussion Room
(Best for small classes with 15 to 20
students)



Teacher Education Training Classroom

(Applied to practical teaching and trial teaching for 30-40 people)





Group Interactive Learning Classroom
(Suitable for 30-40 students to take an
interactive learning)



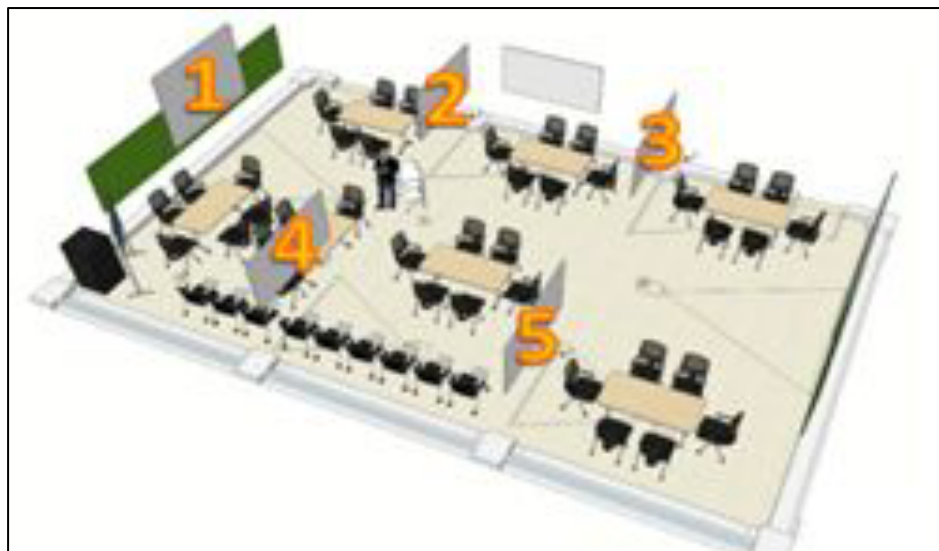
International Remote Cooperation Room

(Best for remote class in three parties with 40-60 attendants, remote lesson observation and evaluation, web-based teaching and researching activities)



Teacher training classroom

The classroom is adopted the model of “banquet hall+cinema” to layout the space. All tables and chairs with wheels are separated into 5 groups. The Curved screen divided into two parts supports multi screen show during training, which makes it possible to show primary PPT on Main screen and secondary PPT or student's learning content on auxiliary screen.



Group interaction classroom

There are 5 groups, and students in these groups can discuss independently, interact with other groups and report results which can be casted to the large screen or be organized by the teacher to speak group by group.

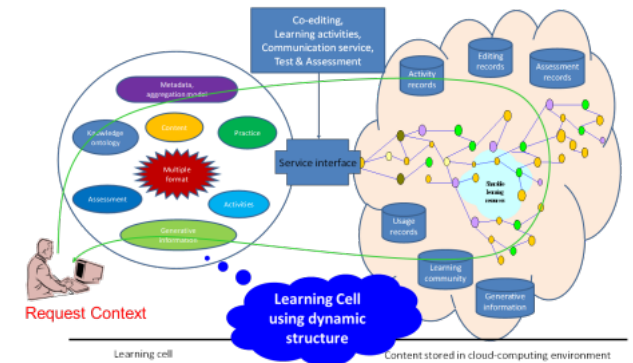
3. Learning Resource Organizing Model in Mobile Learning Environment

Purposes:

- Try to proposal a new kind of learning resource organizing model for Mobile Learning——Learning Cell
- Learning Cell: Evolvable、Social、Contextual、Cohesive、Open、Dynamic Resource

Expected outcome:

- Make the Learning Cell become international standard



The meaning of “cell”

- **Component**: learning cells can compose higher-level learning resources, like a cell
- **Origin** : learning cells grow from small to big, from weak to strong , like a cell
- **Nerve cell**: unite to get intelligence, like cells



Component

- Units that can reunite dynamically
- standard

Origin

- Growing resources
- Absorb collective intelligence & wisdom

Nerve cell

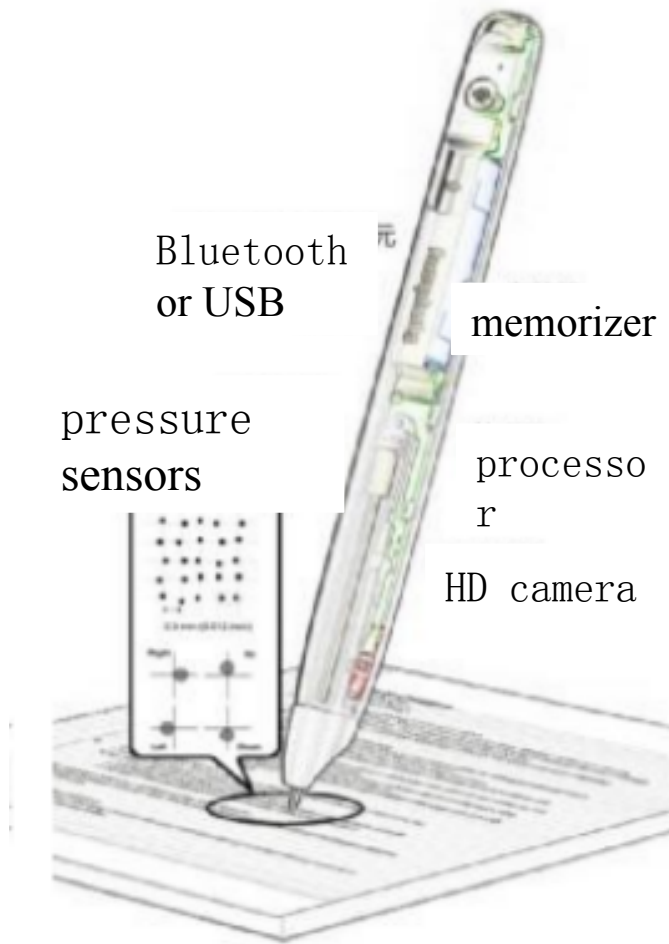
- Network according to semantic relation
- Intelligence, communication ability

4. Research on Students Assessment Base on ICT

1. Technology solutions for students' learning data collection.
2. The analytics and visualizing of big data of learning
3. Analytics and diagnosis for student's learning ability in different subjects based on the big data.



Dr. Baoping Li



Paper for Dot matrix digital technology

“Dot matrix” is formed with a number of small points which are in accordance with the rules of the special algorithm. It makes sure that all handwriting could be recorded according to the parameter informatio.

Printing “Dot matrix” could make the paper become intelligent.

Dot matrix digital pen

As the tip of the pen is pressed, pressure sensor is touched off and make the HD camera to take 100 photos per second.

Then, the information of dot matrix coordinate, order of handwriting, pressure data and speed is transferred to processor inside. Finally, all information can be outputted by Bluetooth or USB.

An Example in Chinese Classroom: What Did It Records?



Name: Sicong Wang

Subject: Chinese class

Length of time: About 30 minutes

Task: Learning classical Chinese



Learning Records

Finish reading the first paragraph

1'50"

Repeat reading and sign the doubtful points

3'30"

It shows that Sicong has the consciousness of getting the general idea.

Turn to next page and finish the first piece

4'49"

Finish the second piece and repeat

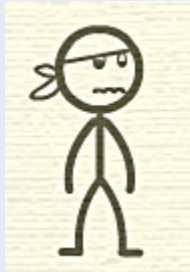
4'49"

7'25"

Back to the first page and has no action until the teacher orders to read the text

16'59"

Start to draw a picture of a person



18'50"

Finish drawing the picture

It shows that the student's attention wanders.

22'20"

Start to interpret

How Dose the Teacher Use it?



51批阅 v3.6.0.0
51测评-教育测评系统

智慧学-跟踪作业(地理)-跟踪作业 (三) 地球的宇宙环境及其圈层结构

学生: 王世意

试题

9

批阅结果

✓

试题	批阅结果
2	X
3	X
4	✓
5	X
6	X
7	✓
8	✓
9	✓
10	X

已批阅1份作业

完成

51批阅 v3.6.0.0
51测评-教育测评系统

书名: 智慧学-跟踪作业(地理)

章节	查看报告	错题本	状态	操作时间
跟踪作业 (一) 地球与地图三要素	查看			
跟踪作业 (二) 等值线图的判断	查看			
跟踪作业 (三) 地球的宇宙环境及其圈层结构	查看		已上传	16.03.03 10:52
跟踪作业 (四) 太阳对地球的影响	查看			
跟踪作业 (五) 地球的自转及其地理意义	查看			
跟踪作业 (六) 地球的公转及其地理意义	查看			
跟踪作业 (七) 光照图太阳视运动图的判读	查看			
跟踪作业 (八) 地壳的物质组成、物质循环	查看			

数据上传

51测评 教育测评系统

智慧学-跟踪作业(地理)

跟踪作业 (三) 地球的宇宙环境及其圈层结构

统计

班级	做题人数	全对人数
2	2/26	1

班级正确率

班级错误情况

学生	错误数
王世意	6
董国阳	0

知识点统计

51测评 教育测评系统

你好, tudmaster!

注册

作业报告

教师批阅统计

学科作业批阅统计

作业批阅率

作业正答率统计

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5. Research on Knowledge Building and Mobile Learning

Expected outcomes:

Two edited books including

Educational Innovations for Sustained Knowledge Building -Pedagogical and Technological Advances

and

The International Handbook of Mobile and Ubiquitous Learning

The Sino-Finnish Education ICT Center Cooperative Modes

Build the team for international cooperation;

Share research data and resources;

Co-publish papers and books;

As a cooperative unit to hold international conferences;

Academic exchange of visiting scholar and students;

To invite professors in Sino-Finnish Universities to have academic visits and guidance;



STEM

- October 2016

STEM in Education 2016 Executive Committee

Dr. Maija Aksela





北京師範大學



Thank You for Attention !